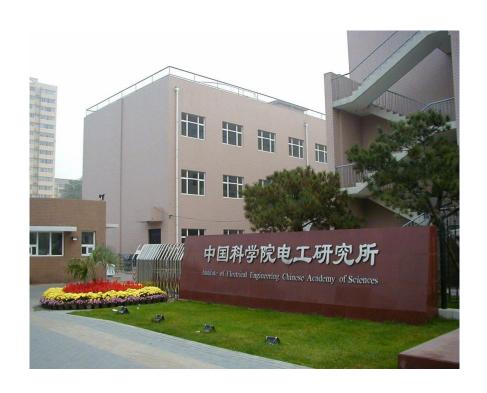


### **IEE-CAS**

# (Institute of Electrical Engineering Chinese Academy of Sciences)



### **Presentation**

http://www.iee.ac.cn

Tel:+8610-82547001,Fax:+8610-82547000



















### **Outline**

1 General information of IEE-CAS

Solar Thermal Group and main activities



















### **Brief Introduction**

- > Founded in 1958
- > Focused on the basic knowledge and high-tech. R&D in the field of electrical engineering
- > One of 104 research institutes in CAS
- > 431 employees (375 are scientists, engineers, research assistants)
- > About 277 Post Doc., Ph.D. and Master students
- > 2 National Energy R&D Centers
- > 4 Key Labs of CAS, 4 Key Labs of Beijing











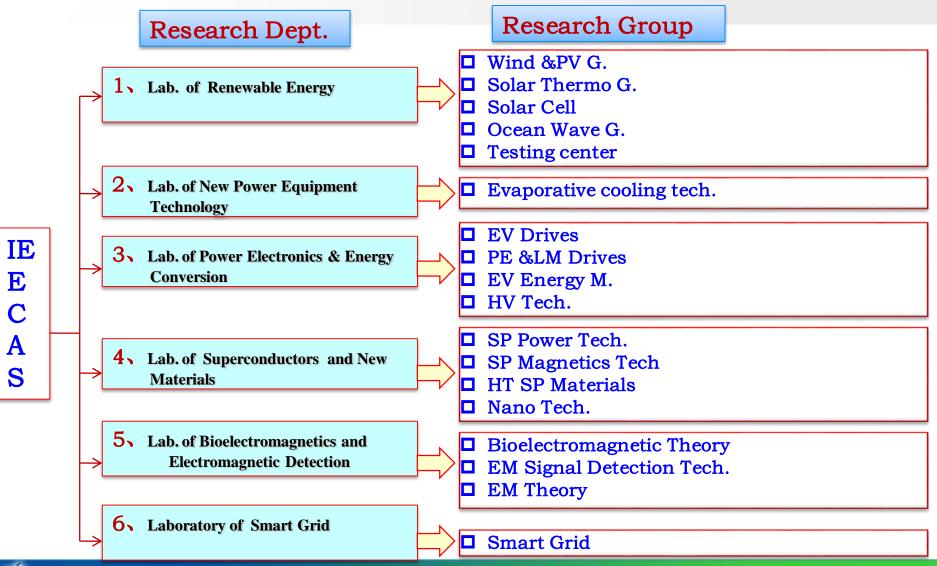








# **Organizational Structure**





















### Lab. of Renewable Energy

#### Solar Thermal Power Technology

- □ 1<sup>st</sup> MW tower-type solar thermal power plant in China as well as in Asia
- □ 10MW tower-type thermal power plant are being developed

#### Wind & PV Generation Technology

- Nearly 200 PV power stations in Tibet
- 2MW hydro and PV complementary power Plant in Qinghai
- 20MW PV plant in Golmud City of Qinghai



1MW STE plant





















### Lab. of Renewable Energy

#### Solar Cell Technology

- New types of high- efficiency silicon solar cell
- □ Low-cost silicon thin film solar cell
- Low-cost CdTe thin film solar cell

#### Ocean Wave Power Technology

- Demo of 5kW ocean wave generator with magnetic fluid
- □ Recovery technology of spilled oil of ocean with magnetic fluid

PV & Wind Generation System Quality Test Center of CAS













MW level PV production



CdTe testing





















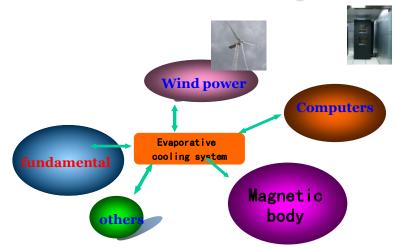
#### Lab. of New Power Equipment Technology

#### Evaporative cooling technology

- Evaporative cooling technology and Applications in hydro-generators, turbine generators, wind generators, transformer and some other power equipments
- ☐ The evaporative cooling system for 70MW hydro-generators in three Gorges power plant in 2012/2013
- □ 2.5MW and 5MW PM evaporative cooling Wind generators in 2012
- ☐ The evaporative cooling system for super-computers in 2013



Two 700MW water turbine generator



















cable



#### Research Activity

#### Lab. of Superconductors and New Materials

#### Superconducting Power technology

- Superconducting power cable
- □ Fault current limiting technology
- Superconducting magnetic energy storage
- Other superconducting power equipments

#### Superconducting Magnet & Materials

- Superconducting magnets with complex structure & special cooled manner
- Space superconducting magnets & special electrical equipments
- New HT superconducting Materials



transformer



**>** 9.4T; diameter:54mm;

SPCL

1Hz/h;

**ESS** 

> 0.2ppm (50mm DSV)



















#### Lab. of Power Electronics & Energy Conversion

#### **Electric Drive Technology for EV**

- □ R & D of motor drive system for EV
- R & D of electrical system for EV
- Multiple phase motor drive
- Package technology of power modules

#### High Power Drive Technology

- Topology and Control of High Power Converters
- Analysis and Control of Large Linear Motors
- Large Electric Drive Technology
- New Power Converters and Applications in Transportation and Power System







**Drive systerm** 







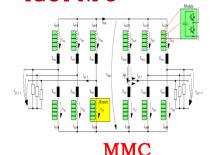


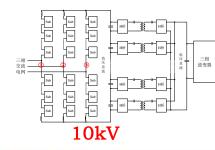




**IGCT NPC** 

500kVA



















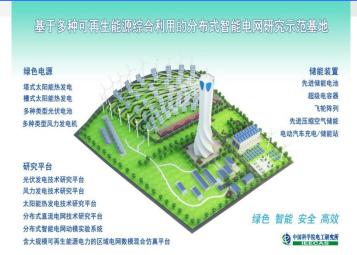






### Laboratory of Smart Grid

- Basic Research of Smart grid and DC grid
- □ System architecture design, energy management, control and relay protection technology of DG based on Micro-grid structure
- Energy storage technology for DG and power quality improvement with Ultracapacitor, flywheel and battery





PV+wind



Power electronic transformer







Battery energy storage unit



Flywheel ESP station



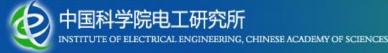
Super capacitor energy storage unit



Electric vehicle charging pile



Data acquisition and information management system





















#### Lab. of Bioelectromagnetics & Electromagnetic Detection

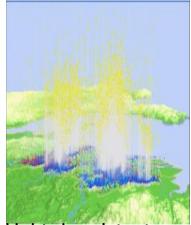
- Biological effects of electromagnetic field and their mechanism
- Detection of biological spontaneous electromagnetic characteristics and its application
- Bioartificial organ
- Electromagnetic technique intersected with nanotechnique and bio-technique.



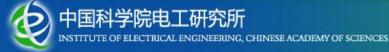
Long time observation base of low frequency electromagnetic field on the dynamic and plant ecological effect



























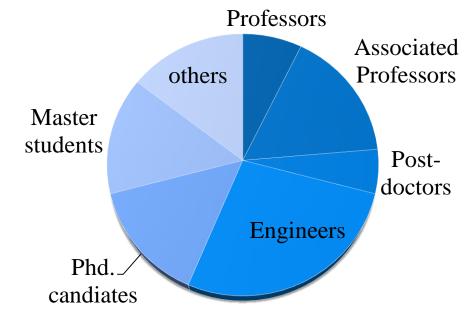


# Solar Thermal Group

#### Established in 2001

Now, 36 staffs including 4 professors, 9 associated professors, 15 engineers and others.

- 3 Post-doctors
- 9 Phd. Candidates
- 8 Master students



### www.chsel.com



















## Solar Thermal Group

#### **Research Interests**

- ✓ Solar thermal power technology (solar tower power, solar parabolic trough power, solar dish Stirling power):
  - System optimization of CSP plant,
  - Solar concentrator,
  - Receiver,
  - □ Thermal energy storage,
  - Solar thermal power materials,
  - Control technology
- ✓ Solar desalination
- **✓** Solar integrated building
- ✓ Solar collector/heater thermal performance testing technology



















### 1MWe solar tower pilot plant

Tower: 119m, three apertures, HTF: water/steam, SF:10000m², Turbine: 1.5MW





















### 1MWe solar tower pilot plant in winter, 2011













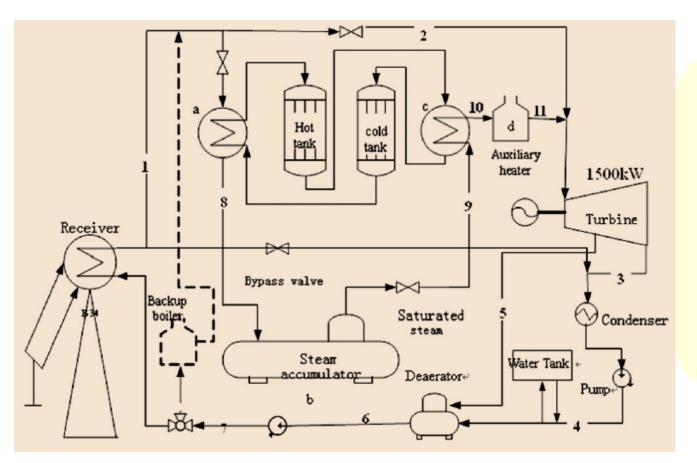








### Schematic flow chart of the 1MWe solar tower pilot plant



Two oil tanks
steam accumulator
100m3
2.5MPa













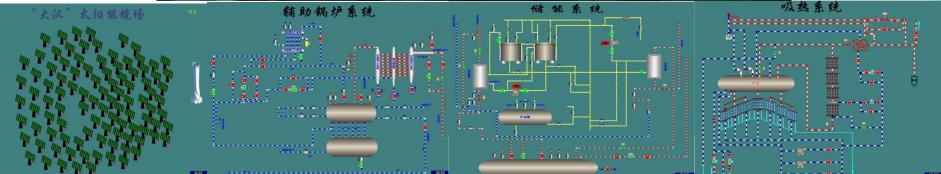






### Simulator of the 1MWe solar tower pilot plant















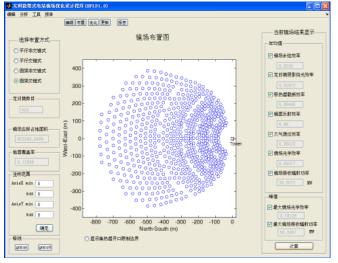


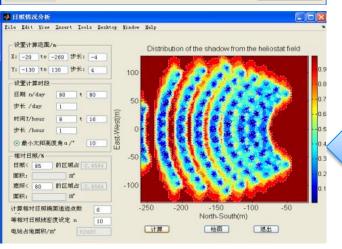






### Heliostat field layout design software





PS10 solar tower plant	reported	Calculated by HFLD	errors
nominal optical efficiency	77%	76.5%	-0.5%
Nominal received peak power	55.0MW	56.3MW	+1.3MW
Annual optical efficiency	64.0%	64.08%	+0.08%
Annual cosine efficiency	>81%	82.3%	+1.3%
Annual shading and blocking efficiency	>95.5%	92.9%	-2.6%

#### considering the land utilization



















### **Heliostats**



120m2



High order surface heliostat



125m2



Heliostat used in Dahan plant



108m2



**Focal plane** 













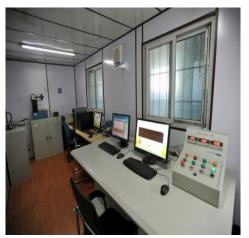






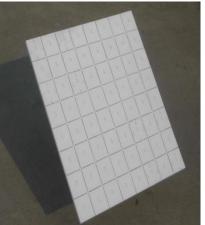
### Wind load on concentrators testing











Wind tunnel: testing section 2. 5m×3m, Speed:0-30m/s











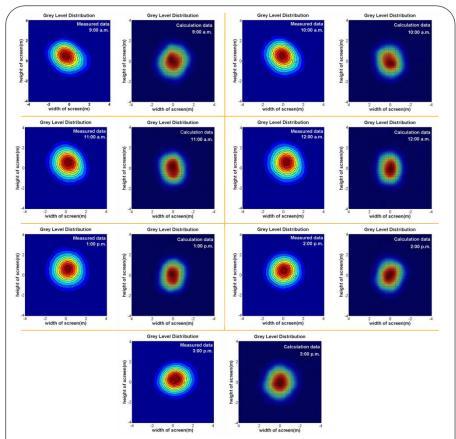




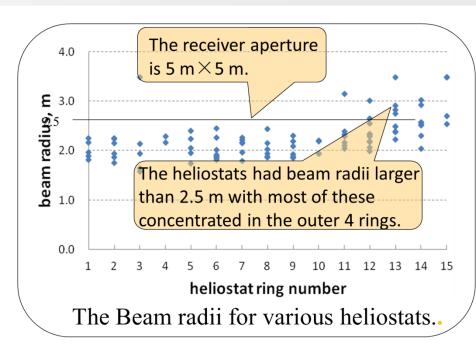




### Optical performance of a heliostat



Comparison of the measured and predicted grey level distributions for the #9.0 heliostat on March 14, 2013.



26% of the measured heliostats radii were more than 2.5 m, so additional alignment was needed.











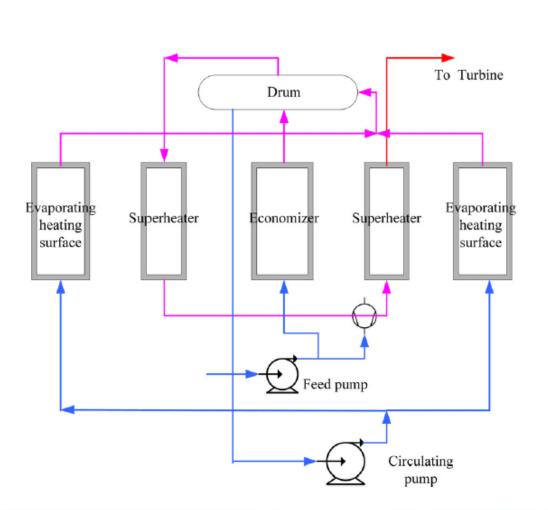




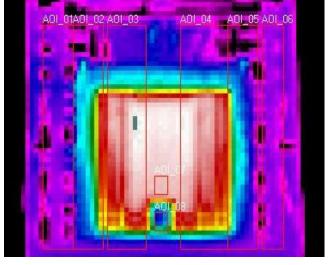




### Water/steam cavity receiver



























# **TES system**







Two oil tanks



















# DCS control room





















# Molten salt test platform













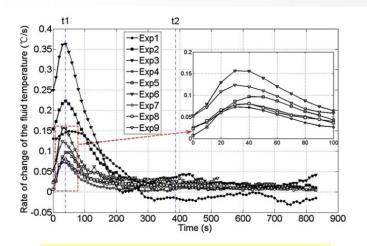




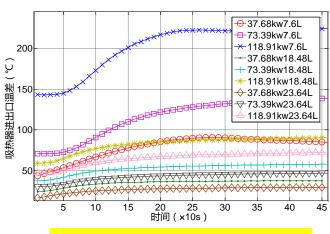




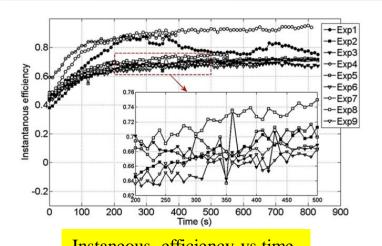
### Thermal performance test

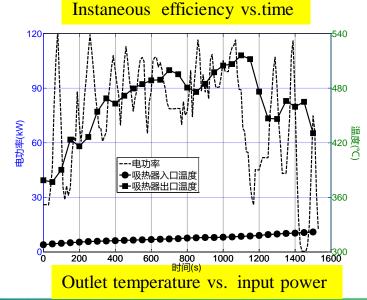


#### Time derivative of fluid temperature



Δt vs. input power and flowrate





















### Molten salt super critical steam generator test platform



















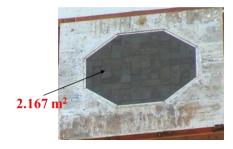


### 1MWth air receiver





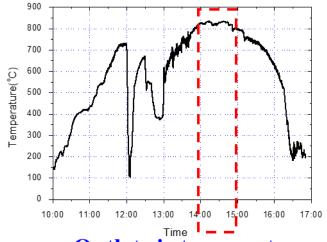
160mm×160mm







- The maximum power is 845 kW
- The maximum of incoming solar thermal power is 1076 kW
- The maximum of outlet air temperature is 835 °C
- Average efficiency at 14:00-15:00 is 0.77



Outlet air temperature















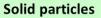




#### Quartz tube solid particle air receiver

Quartz tube

- √Inner diameter: 40mm
- √Thickness: 3mm √Length: 500mm

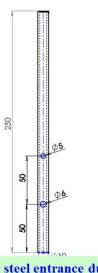


- >silicon carbide
- ➤ Diameter: 1mm















Stainless steel entrance duct

- □ Outlet air temperature of five tubes: 624.1°C
- □ Outlet air temperature of single tubes: 866.6°C



















#### **Dish concentrator**



10m dish concentrator in Dezhou



5m dish concentrator



Membrane stretched dish concentrator



5m dish concentrator



55 m<sup>2</sup> dish concentrator in Guangzhou















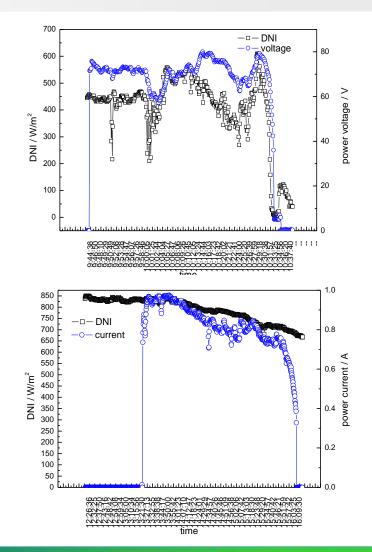






### Dish Stirling system(1kWe)























#### Himin-PTR

 Matched glass-tometal seals

Automatic sealing

• high temperature solar-selective absorber coating

•Emittance  $\varepsilon < 14\%$  at 400 °C Absorptance > 95 % Highest temperature: 550°C at vacuum, 350°C at air

 New designed getter assembly, can absorb Hydrogen.

 Increased getter quantity mounted in cool place, maintained 20 years.

•Pressure < 10<sup>-2</sup> Pa

Low profile radiation shield.

**Design with reduced** bellow length, active length >96%























### Vacuum performance

- leaking rate  $<1 \times 10^{-11}$ Pa m<sup>3</sup>/s
- Max Vacuum = $3 \times 10^{-4}$  Pa,
- Vacuum in long time using >10<sup>-2</sup> Pa





















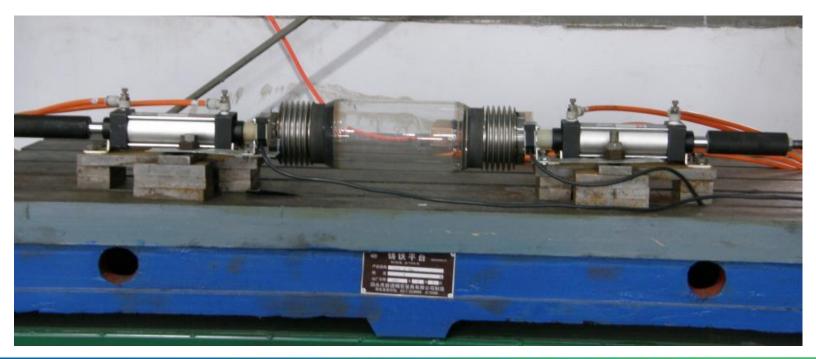
### Fatigue life test

☐ Fatigue cycle: 20times/min

☐ Positive displacement: 12mm;

□ Negative displacement: 10mm;

 $\square$  results: >40000times, life>25 years















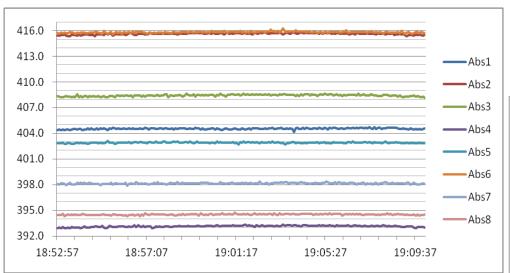




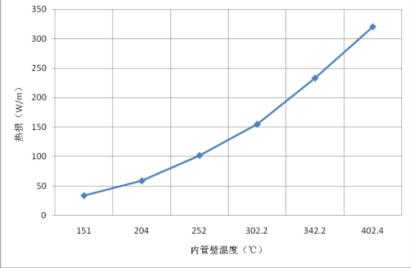


### Thermal performance test

### ➤ Heat loss test: heat loss in 150-400°C operation temperature

























### 100m parabolic trough testing loop





















# 300kW<sub>th</sub> solar furnace





















#### Solar desalination demonstration

- □ PT: 200m², steam pressure :2.35MPa
- □ Testing results of water: 0.35ton/hour























### Solar water heating system testing system



























# Thanks for your attention!

### On going projects

- □ 1MWe parabolic trough power plant (comparison with tower, same power block), will be finished in 2016
- 1MW<sub>th</sub> molten salt receiver and 2MW<sub>th</sub> molten salt thermal energy storage testing loop (two-tank and thermocline), will be finished in 2015



















